



Established July 2, 1856.

VOL. XXIV., NO. 4419.

HONOLULU, HAWAIIAN ISLANDS, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 1, 1896.

PRICE FIVE CENTS.

J. Q. WOOD,
Attorney at Law
And Notary Public.
OFFICE: Corner King and Bethel Streets.

Dr. C. B. HIGH,
Dentist.
Graduate Philadelphia Dental College, 1892.
MASONIC TEMPLE.

A. C. WALL, D. D. S.
Dentist.
Hotel Street, - Arlington Cottage.
4280-y

A. J. DERBY, D. D. S.
Dentist.
Alakea Street, Between Hotel and Beretania Streets.
Hours, 9 to 4. Telephone 615.

M. E. GROSSMAN, D.D.S.
Dentist.
88 HOTEL STREET, HONOLULU.
Office Hours: 9 a. m. to 4 p. m.

I. MORI, M.D.
OFFICE, Corner Fort and Kukui Sts.
Res. Arlington Hotel.
Hours: 7 to 8:30 a.m.; 4 to 8:30 p.m.
Saturday and Sunday, 1 to 5 p.m.
—Telephone, 530.—

H. MAY & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers
98 FORT STREET.
Telephone 22. P. O. Box 470.

M. W. McCHESNEY & SONS
WHOLESALE GROCERS
AND DEALERS IN
Leather and :-
:- Shoe Findings.
—AGENTS—
Honolulu Soap Works Company and
Honolulu Tannery.

LEWIS & CO.,
Wholesale and Retail Grocers
111 FORT STREET.
Telephone 240. P. O. Box 29.

HONOLULU IRON WORKS CO.,
Steam Engines,
BOILERS, SUGAR MILLS, COOLERS,
BRASS AND LEAD CASTINGS,
And Machinery of every description
made to order. Particular attention
paid to ships' blacksmithing. Job work
executed on the shortest notice.

BEAVER SALOON,
Fort street, opposite Wilder & Co.'s,
H. J. NOLTE, Proprietor.
First-class Lunches Served With Tea
Coffee, Soda Water, Ginger Ale or Milk.
Open from 3 a. m. till 10 p. m.
Smoker's Requisites a specialty.

LEWERS & COOKE,
Successors to Lewers & Dickson.
Importers and Dealers in Lumber
And All Kinds of Building Material.
NO. 82 FORT ST., HONOLULU.

H. HACKFELD & CO.,
General Commission Agents,
Corner Fort and Queen Sts., Honolulu.

ATLAS ASSURANCE COMPANY
OF LONDON.
ASSETS : : : \$10,000,000.

H. W. SCHMIDT & SONS,
Agents for the Hawaiian Islands.

WILLIAM C. PARKE,
Attorney at Law
—AND—
Agent to Take Acknowledgments
Office at Kaahumanu St., Honolulu.

SPECIAL BUSINESS ITEMS.

J. T. Lund, 617 Fort street, opposite Club Stables, makes Brass Signs to order. Nickel Plating a Specialty. Bicycles repaired and for sale.

All kinds of SECOND HAND FURNITURE sold cheap for cash at the I X L, corner Nuuanu and King streets.
If you want to sell out your furniture in its entirety, or for bargains, call at the I X L, corner Nuuanu and King streets.

THE SINGER received 54 first awards for sewing machines and embroidery work at the World's Fair, Chicago, Ill., being the largest number of awards obtained by any exhibitor, and more than double the number given to all other sewing machines. For sale, lease, and rent. Repairing done. B. BERGERSEN, 113 Bethel street.

City Carriage Company have removed to the corner of Fort and Merchant Sts. Telephone No. 113. First-class carriages at all hours. JOHN S. ANDRADE.

G. R. Harrison, Practical Piano and Organ Maker and Tuner, can furnish best factory references. Orders left at the Hawaiian News Co. will receive prompt attention. All work guaranteed to be the same as done in factory.

"HOW TO LIVE ON THE HAWAIIAN ISLANDS;"

A Summary of Individual Hygiene.
By N. RUSSEL, M.D.

CONTENTS:—Introductory; Hawaiian Climate; Soil and Water. The influence of ground poisons upon the system; Selection of place for residence; Building of a house; Food; Bathing; Exercise; Concluding remarks; Hawaiian climate for invalids.
Price, 50 Cents.

"OUR HEALTH POLICY."
(By the same author.)
Price, 10 cents: For sale at all bookstores.

FOR SALE.

—: KEGS OF :—
Fresh Island Butter!
IN COLD STORAGE,
—: BY :—

Henry Davis.
Tel. 225. 320 FORT STREET.
4358-ft.

Sans Souci Seaside Resort.

The pleasantest, quietest, shadiest and most perfectly appointed seaside resort on the Islands. It is only four miles from the heart of the city and within easy reach of the tramcars which run every twenty minutes or oftener. Elegantly furnished detached cottages or rooms are obtained on easy terms. The table is superior to that of any of the city hotels, and all the modern conveniences are provided.
Picnics and bathing parties can obtain extra accommodations by telephoning in advance.
The bathing facilities of Sans Souci are superior to those of any place on the beach.
4157-ft

DR. S. KOJIMA,
Physician and Surgeon
Makes a Specialty of Venereal and Skin Diseases.
10 BERETANIA ST. TELEPHONE 476.
Office Hours: 7 a. m. to 12 m. and 5 to 8 p. m.
Saturday and Sunday, 1 to 5 p. m.

DR. S. KOBAYASHI,
PHYSICIAN and SURGEON.
Beretania between Nuuanu and Fort Streets.
Office Hours: 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 p. m.
Telephone 947

SCIENTIFIC MASSAGE.
Will do Massage at Office or at Patient's Residence.
M. MIZAWA.
Office and Residence: Cor. Nuuanu St. and Kukui Lane. Up stairs.

HAWAIIAN HARDWARE CO.,
Hardware, Cutlery and Glassware.
807 Fort Street - - Honolulu.

HEALTH MATTERS WERE DISCUSSED.

Sanitary Condition of the Islands Under Consideration.

APPLICATIONS BEFORE THE BOARD

Petition From Chinese Physicians—Mother's Strange Request Regarding Her Child. Damages From Cholera Visitation—The Wailuku Hospital—New Appointment.

Board of Health met at 3 p. m. Present, W. O. Smith, president, Drs. Wood, Day and Emerson, Messrs. Lansing and Kelpilo.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

The first matter brought before the Board was a request from Lee Kai Fai, a Chinaman, and his wife, for license to practice medicine. A certificate from Dr. Kerr, medical examiner at Hong Kong, was to the effect that petitioner was a practitioner of good standing in Hong Kong.

Another petition from certain taxpayers in Honolulu, praying that request be granted, was read. The petitions were referred to the Board of Examiners.

The committee to whom was referred the tender for drugs reported favorably on the bid, and the contract was awarded to the Hollister Drug Co.

A verbal request from the wife of a leper to send her only child, a girl twelve years of age, to the Kapiolani Home for girls, was read. This request was considered a peculiar one and was opposed by several members of the Board and peremptorily denied.

Petition of Kinai, a property owner in the cholera district of last year, for permission to occupy one of his dwellings and rent the others was read.

President Smith stated that these houses were condemned last year and had not been occupied since. Kinai, the petitioner, is a man who is really poor and unable to earn a livelihood, and asks to be allowed to rent two of the dwellings and occupy one.

The Board has been paying his rent for a year past, but he needed something more than that. The president stated that the land is a marsh spot, but that he did not believe the place was unhealthy. The place was condemned in order that excrement would not get into the harbor and contaminate it.

Dr. Wood said with the use of dry earth closets there might not be any harm, but to let the people live there and dig a vault under the house would mean danger.

The request was referred to the Sanitary Committee to report next week. Dr. Monsarrat reported 142 bullocks killed and examined.

Under the Act to Mitigate, sixty-three women were reported examined during the week. One German taken from the register at her own request.

Dr. Hildebrand reported examination of 737 female pupils in the schools, and to issuing certificates to them.

Letters and reports of Dr. Meyers regarding the condition of affairs at the settlement were read by the president and his recommendations were carried out.

Dr. R. B. Williams of Hilo reported the examination of school children and issuing certificates. He mentioned reading in the Gazette that R. A. Layman had recommended him to the position of registrar of births and marriages. He declared this was unauthorized and he resented it. He had no time to attend to births, deaths or marriages.

The Board of Education reported that there was no Government physician in the district of Hanalei, and that the orders of the Board of Health regarding the examination of school children could not be carried out. It was decided by the Board to offer Dr. Brown, now at Kealia, the position at Hanalei.

On motion of Dr. Emerson, Sheriff Andrews of Maui was appointed an agent of the Board to confer with the matron of the hospital at Wailuku regarding the business and financial matters of that institution. This is the same position occupied by the late

Sheriff Everett, and since his death no one had been appointed to succeed him. A request from Sheriff Andrews, asking permission to sell the dilapidated pest house at Wailuku to Jose Juan for \$25 was read and the request was granted.

The following communication was read by President Smith:

No. 219 West Fourth Street, New York, U. S. A., Sept. 12, 1896.
President W. O. Smith, Board of Health, Honolulu, Hawaii:

Dear Sir—D. Goldschmidt, late of Madena, now at Paris, in a letter to me, last December, proposed that a Congress of leprologists should be held for the suppression and prevention of leprosy. In a letter I wrote to Dr. Armauer Hansen, I referred to this proposition and suggested the formation of an international committee, one delegate from each government, to be permanently active, to meet once a year, and to take cognizance of all questions and problems relating to leprosy, all over the world. I also suggested the collection of a fund, in every country, for the use of this committee, to support asylums, where such help is wanted, and to send specialists wherever they are needed.

Dr. Hansen, at once received these overtures with favor and submitted them to his chief, who in turn, communicated them to the Norwegian Government. In his answer to me Dr. Hansen said that it was the desire of the Norwegian physicians that the seat of the first leprosy congress should be Berger, Norway, and that the Norwegian Government was willing to issue the call for the first leprosy congress, provided it had assurances of sympathy from other governments. I at once applied to President Cleveland, to Her British Majesty, to the Emperor of Germany, to President Diaz of Mexico, to Lord Aberdeen of Canada, to the Japanese and Chinese Governments, and to all the Republics of South America. I also submitted this scheme to the American Entomological Association, to the American Public Health Association of Canada, the United States and Mexico, and to Miss Clara Barton, the President of the American Red Cross Society. It is to be communicated also to the Pope through Archbishop Corrigan. It is desired that every influence that may exist, of any kind, be brought to bear upon the different governments so that they may consent to appoint official delegates. Of course leprologists in their private capacity, or as representatives of associations, will be united, and are expected to attend. The committee, formed by the delegates, will be exclusively concerned with the promulgation and application of laws suitable to the suppression and prevention of leprosy in each country, leaving the discussion of questions of etiology, bacteriology, cure, etc., to the specialists. This is the plan as it stands now, and as it was submitted by me to Dr. Goldschmidt. Dr. Goldschmidt, in his reply, has suggested that Moscow be the seat of congress, as the International Congress is to meet there next year. This is open to the following objections: (1st)—If the leprosy congress is held in Moscow, along with the regular International Congress, it will of necessity fall into position of secondary influence, and will be in fact only a section of the General Congress. 2nd.—Hansen is entitled to claim the first leprosy congress; he being the discover of the lepro bacillus. 3rd.—The Norwegian Government having been the first to express a willingness to issue the call (which should be issued by a government, not by individuals), is entitled to the honor. 4th.—If the congress is now taken to Moscow, after the Norwegian physicians have expressed a desire to have it in Norway, before even Moscow was suggested, the Norwegian physicians will certainly take offence; a leprosy congress without Hansen cannot well be imagined.

Will you kindly publish this letter and ask the leprologists of Hawaii to communicate to the Provisional Committee of the Congress as it exists: Dr. G. Armauer Hansen, Bergen, Norway; Dr. Jules Goldschmidt, 4 Rue Darnan, Paris, France; Dr. Albert S. Ashmead, West Fourth St., New York, their own ideas about this great scheme, and to offer such suggestions as may help to advance it. May we hope also that you will use your own influence to obtain from your government as assurance of its willingness to appoint a delegate and help to make the first leprosy congress a success.

Very truly yours,
ALBERT S. ASHMEAD, M.D.
The matter was referred to committee on treatment of leprosy. A letter from Dr. Eldredge was read regarding the charges for hotel accommodations and medical examination at Kusatsu Mineral Springs, Japan. This is a place where foreigners and Japanese are treated for leprosy and skin diseases. When Dr. Wood was at the Springs he obtained samples of the water, which he brought here. As it is considered an important matter, Dr. Wood was to procure a chemical analysis of it.

Free Kindergarten.
The annual business meeting of the Free Kindergarten Association will be held at Y. M. C. A. Hall Friday, October 2, at 10 a. m., for hearing reports and electing officers. All interested are invited to attend.

The supervisors are requested to meet at 9:30 a. m. at the same place. There will be no committee meeting that morning.

Eighty-five per cent. of the people who are lame are afflicted on the left side.

MEETING OF THE HEAD EDUCATORS.

Some Important Business Attended to Yesterday.

TWO APPLICATIONS WERE TABLED

Reforms at the Reform School—Manual Department—Suggestions by Mr. Dumas. One School Closed—Some Changes Necessary in Grade Schools—Work to go on.

There were present at the Board of Education meeting yesterday afternoon Minister Cooper, Prof. Alexander, Mrs. Dillingham, Mrs. Jordan, J. F. Scott and C. T. Rodgers, secretary.

The minutes of the previous meeting were read and approved.

Prof. Alexander reported that he had conferred with Mr. Holmes of the Bishop estate, who said that he would send a letter to the Board authorizing Mr. Paris, the school agent, who was their agent in Kona, to allow him to select a site for the new Hauamau school house. He also reported that he had agreed with Mr. Dillingham for a lot at Pearl City, fronting on Third street, of an acre and a half, where a suitable building could be constructed for that district.

J. F. Scott showed a book of blank forms for teachers' certificates, and he recommended that it be adopted, which was moved and carried.

A request of J. Smith of Koloa, Kauai, to lease a lot which belonged to the Board and was not in use at present, was refused, as the Board may need it soon.

Minister Cooper had made inquiries about starting some industrial work at the reform school, and found it could be accomplished easily. The Executive also was in favor of an industrial branch, and recommended that \$500 be expended in making the arrangements complete.

The matter of those who were delinquent in payment for their tuition at the Emma Street school was brought up. Minister Cooper thought that all such persons should be sent to Armstrong Smith's school. In the discussion which followed, the fact was brought out that there was some feeling that there ought to be two schools of the same high grade and competent teachers, but one should be a little more select than the other. The grades in Mr. Smith's school now correspond with about seventh grade in the High School. Mr. Scott was instructed to obtain a complete list of all the pupils in both schools, and state which ones are paying pupils.

Freitas, the young boy at the reform school, was ordered to be released, as there was really nothing at all criminal in the lad.

Mr. Dumas asked permission of the Board, which was granted, to explain to them a few things in connection with the Practice School. He had three recommendations to make: First, that boys and girls should be allowed to attend, as it would give the young teachers a better opportunity of learning how to manage a class when they come to teach in the public schools; second, that there would be two grades in each of the two rooms, consisting of an entrance class, first reader, beginning Second reader and ending Third reader.

In this way it will be harder on the regular teachers, but will give more practice for the student teachers, and they will have fewer pupils to attend to during the recitations. No person commencing to teach should have more than twenty-four pupils at a time.

Third, that the buildings should be fenced in and kept separate from the rest of the buildings on the ground.

The pupils for this school are to be obtained from the primary classes of the other schools. It will be a difficult matter in some cases; if they take from the Royal School they will have to have the teachers take a higher grade than the one they are now teaching.

Mr. Scott was authorized to obtain an estimate of the cost of putting up the fences.

An application from Mr. Barton and one from C. H. White for the position of assistant at the reformatory school were tabled.

Mr. Meyers was authorized to close one school on Molokai until a suitable teacher could be found.

Mr. Swain of Hamakua was given a raise to \$50 a month in his salary.

Mr. Scott reported that the school house at Maemae was all ready except the doors and windows, and as they had not come on the Australia, it was decided not to wait any longer for them, but to go ahead and complete the job.

Adjourned.

FUNERAL YESTERDAY.

Remains of the Late Joseph Nawahi Taken to Hilo.

Large Attendance of Relatives and Friends. Crowds Along the Line—Band and Police Escort.

The funeral services of the late Joseph Nawahi were held in the family homestead, Palama, shortly before 1 o'clock yesterday. The house and the grounds were crowded with relatives and friends of the deceased, and various societies of which he was a member, long before the hour announced for the funeral.

Rev. Timeoto delivered an eulogy over the remains, in which he dwelt upon the sterling qualities of Mr. Nawahi, and the love he had for his country. During his address the people congregated paid close attention and many of them were visibly affected.

At half past one the cortege left the house, headed by the Hawaiian Band and a detachment of police under Captain Parker. Then came Undertaker Williams in a carriage drawn by four black horses. Following walked two societies of women to the number of 500, and another, the Aloha Aina, of men. The hearse, drawn by sixty-four of the friends of the deceased, was next in order. The pall bearers, J. O. Carter, Charles Creighton, David Dayton, R. W. Wilcox, W. C. Achi, S. K. Kane, J. L. Kauluko, F. J. Testa, E. K. Lilikalani, S. K. Kaaukai, Kaunamano and Kanealii.

The procession marched down King to Fort to the Kinai wharf where the casket, draped with an Hawaiian flag, was carried on board the steamer Hawaii for transportation to Hilo, where the interment will take place.

With the exception of that of the late Governor Dominis the funeral yesterday was the largest ever seen in Honolulu except in the royal families. This one partook of the same nature. Occasionally some of the older Hawaiians in the line gave expression to their sorrow by chanting the praises of the deceased and at the wharf it was kept up incessantly.

Accident at Ewa.

A Japanese laborer on the Ewa plantation jumped from the front end of a flat car when he was within a few yards of his destination yesterday afternoon and fell under the wheels. Before the train could be stopped both trucks passed over his legs. The physician at hand bandaged him as well as possible and had the man sent to Honolulu on the plantation train. He reached the city at 7 o'clock and was removed to Queen's Hospital, where amputation was found necessary. His recovery is doubtful.

The Sanskrit language is said to have about 500 root-words.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report

Royal Baking Powder
ABSOLUTELY PURE